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		25X1
April	1964	20/(1

25X1

NOTICE

Attached are revised and additional sections of the Supplement, Evaluation of Evidence on Soviet Guided Missile Production, a continuing report of the Production Working Group of the Guided Missiles and Astronautics Intelligence Committee. These should be inserted in alphabetical order by location in the looseleaf binder of this publication.

The following changes should be made in pen and ink by the recipient in the unrevised sections:

Omsk, section 0, page 1 -- in listing, make read ''Rocket Test Facility'' (deleting the word ''suspect'');

Omsk, section 0, pages 2 and 3 -- in annotations on map and photo, make read "Rocket Test Facility" (deleting the word "suspect");

Perm, section 0, page 1 -- in listing, make read "Rocket Test Facility" (deleting word "suspect");

Perm, section 0, pages 2 and 3 -- in annotations on map and photo, make read "Rocket Test Facility" (deleting the word "suspect");

Perm, section 1, page 1 and Perm, section 2, page 1 continued--in last line on both pages, make read "Rocket Test Facility" (deleting the words "suspect").

DECLASS REVIEW by NIMA/DOD

Approved For Release 2003/12/19:CIA-RDP78T04757A0002p0019918₁8

GROUP! Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification

Approved For Refleas 2065 12/9: CIA-RDP78T04757A0002000 256 X8-8

April 1964 25X1

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^{*}Revised sections issued as of April 1964.

^{**}Revised designations (namely, dropping the qualifier "suspect" which was used in the designations of certain rocket test facilities in the earlier edition).

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	25X1
April 1964	20/(1

AND PRODUCTION CENTER (DMDPC), PLANTS POST BOXES 186, 192, AND 203*

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY

25X1	of Dnepropetrovsk in 1944 showed a plant under	
	construction in the area now identified as the Dnepropetrovsk Missile	
	Development and Production Center (DMDPC). The plant was again viewed	
25X1	on far-oblique photography and at that time only Plant Post Box	
	186 was visible. The plant was operational at that time. Poor-quality	
25X1	vertical showed the same site,	
	but cloud and haze precluded photographic interpretation.	
25X1	The first photography of the site in	25X1
	showed Plant Post Box 186, Plant Post Box 192, and an associated test area.	
	At that time the excavation for an unidentified structure was apparent at	
	Plant Post Box 192 (item 2, Figure 4). The structure itself was still under	25X1
25X1	construction in Photography since	
25X1	has revealed the construction of three additional significant buildings	
	(items 3 and 1A, Figure 2, and item 4, Figure 4). These buildings appeared	
	complete or nearly complete in	25X1
	Because of improved mensuration techniques and better quality	
	photography, measurements given in the tables on Figures 2 and 4 may	
	vary from previously published measurements.	
	EVALUATION	
	The Dnepropetrovsk Missile Development and Production Center	
	(DMDPC), consisting of organizations using Post Boxes 186, 192, and 203,	
	is believed to be developing and manufacturing rocket engines and surface-	
	to-surface ballistic missiles. Through 1960, the DMDPC produced the	
	*Post Box 203 is unlocated but known to be in Postal/Telegraphic Zone 8, the same zone used by Plants Post Boxes 186 and 192. The activity of Post Box No 203 is discussed in the GMAIC Production Working Group Continuing Report,	25X

Dnepropetrovsk 1-1

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Apri	1964	25X1

25X1

25X1

Series 51 (SS-3, 700-nm) and Series 63 (SS-4, 1,000-nm) missiles and probably produced the Series 61 (SS-IB, 150-nm) missile. In addition, the DMDPC was involved in the development of Series 63 and Series 61 missile systems. _______ the DMDPC has been directly involved in the development of second-generation Category B ICBM(SS-7) and probably has been involved in some way with the Series 65 (SS-5, 2,000-nm) missile. It now appears probable that the DMDPC produced both the Series 65 and Category B ICBM. Some of these missile systems or subsystems may have since been phased into other facilities.

In addition to military production, the facilities that constitute the DMDPC also are known to be producing refrigerators, some type of electrical equipment, and Belarus tractors.

Photography of the entire installation reveals more than 6 million sq ft of roof cover of which at least 4.5 million sq ft is estimated to be involved in the above military programs. Photographic interpretation cannot determine areas of missile final assembly at this facility.

The high-bay building (item 18, Figure 2) in Plant Post Box 186 is considered to be for hydrostatic test or checkout of missile tankage or stages, which could relate to both the missile production and development roles at the DMDPC. have reported engine horizontal testing in the western part of the Plant Post Box 186 area

____ 25X1

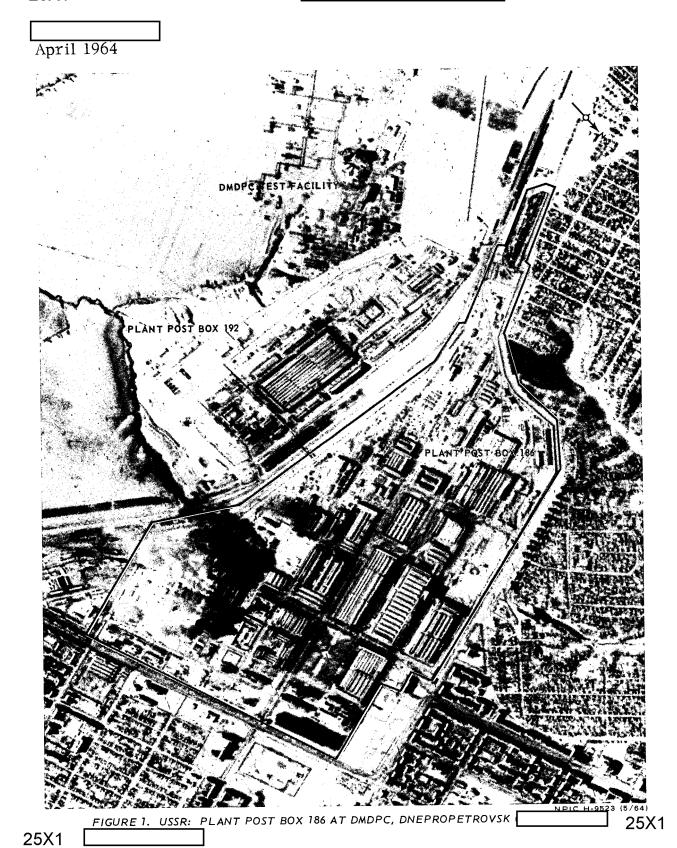
25X1

The purpose of the additional assembly area constructed is not known. Although suggestive of a new program, it may merely reflect a general expansion or modification of plant capability.

Test stands of this type have not been detected in this area.

For evaluation of the DMDPC Test Facility, see Dnepropetrovsk, section 2, page 1.

Dnepropetrovsk 1-1 (Continued)



Dnepropetrovsk 1-2

April 1964

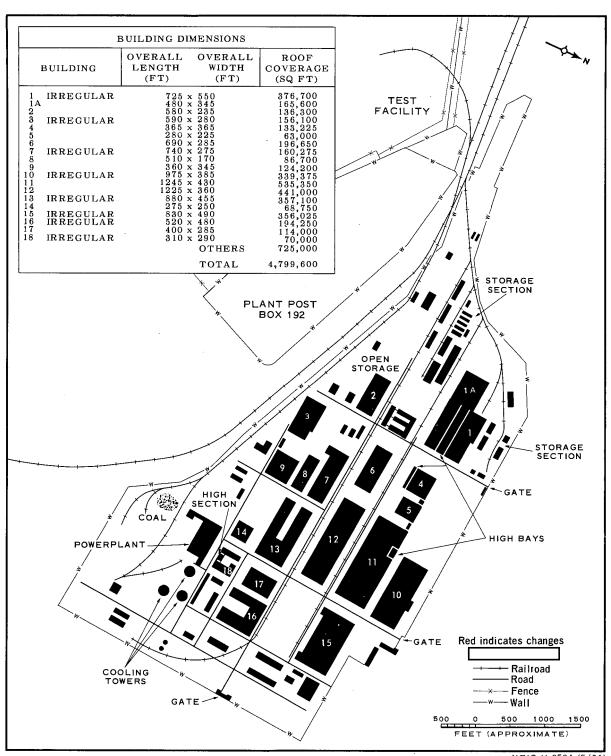


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF PLANT POST BOX 186 AT DMDPC, DNEPROPETROVSK.

Dnepropetrovsk 1-3

Approved For Release 2003/1 2/19:CIA-RDP78T04757A000200010018-8 25X

April 1964 ANT POST BOX 19 FIGURE 3. USSR: PLANT POST BOX 192 AT DMDPC, DNEPROPETROVSK

25X1

Dnepropetrovsk 1-4

25X1

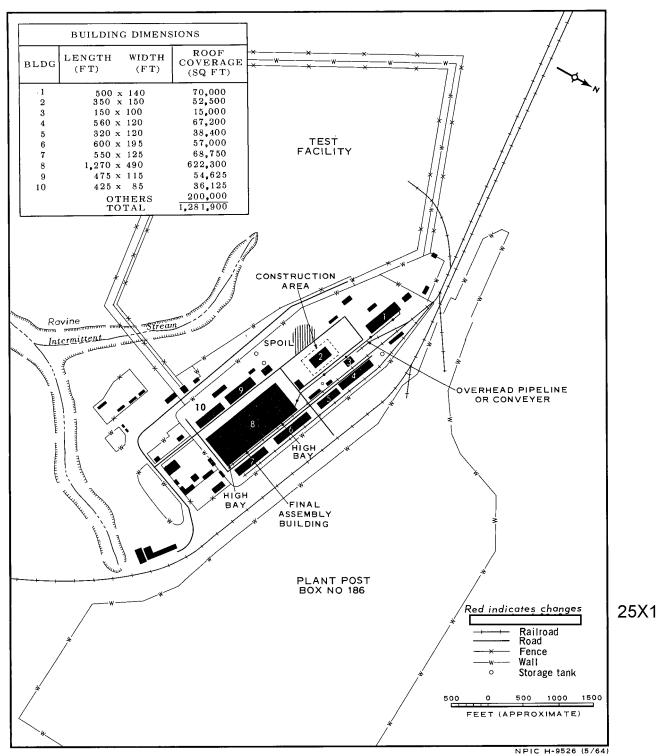


FIGURE 4. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF PLANT POST BOX 192 AT DMDPC, DNEPROPETROVSK.

Dnepropetrovsk 1-5

	25X1
April 1964	

DNEPROPETROVSK: DMDPC TEST FACILITY

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY

The DMDPC Test Facility was first viewed on	25X1
At that time three test stands and numerous	
support structures were visible.* Coverage until	25X1
was relatively poor over this installation, and no major changes were	
discernible. photography	25X1
was good and revealed a number of changes as well as details heretofore	
not discernible. The area had been enlarged by the extension of the fence	
line to the west, a new building (item 4, Figure 2) had been constructed,	
and a system of overhead pipelines was revealed for the first time. Blast	
marks were observed at two of the stands (items 1 and 2) in	25X1
EVALUATION:	
EVALUATION The manner of the state of the st	
The presence of a test area associated with the DMDPC, first	057/4
reported by is confirmed by the photog-	25X1
raphy. Three vertical stands (items 1, 2, and 3, Figure 2) are discernible	
and deemed operational. Two of these (probably items 2 and 3) were not	
previously reported in collateral information. Photographic resolution	
precludes distinction between engine and missile testing at this facility.	
Rail service is available from this area to both Plant Post Box 186 and	
Plant Post Box 192. The array of overhead pipelines, clearly defined on	
more recent photography, has apparently been a part of the facility since	
the time of earlymissions. A review of the other Soviet rocket	ļ
test facilities reveals no similar overhead array, and the function of these	
pipelines at the DMDPC is yet to be determined. The existence of these	
pipelines was not reported by collateral sources during the mid-1950s.	
(See Missile Development and Production Center under Dnepropetrovsk,	
section 1, page 1.)	
*Collateral evidence indicates that two test stands were present in the area of Test Stand 1	25X1

Dnepropetrovsk 2-1

^{*}Collateral evidence indicates that two test stands were present in the area of Test Stand 1 One test stand is now identified at that location, but the possibility of a second test stand in the same vicinity cannot be ruled out.

April 1964

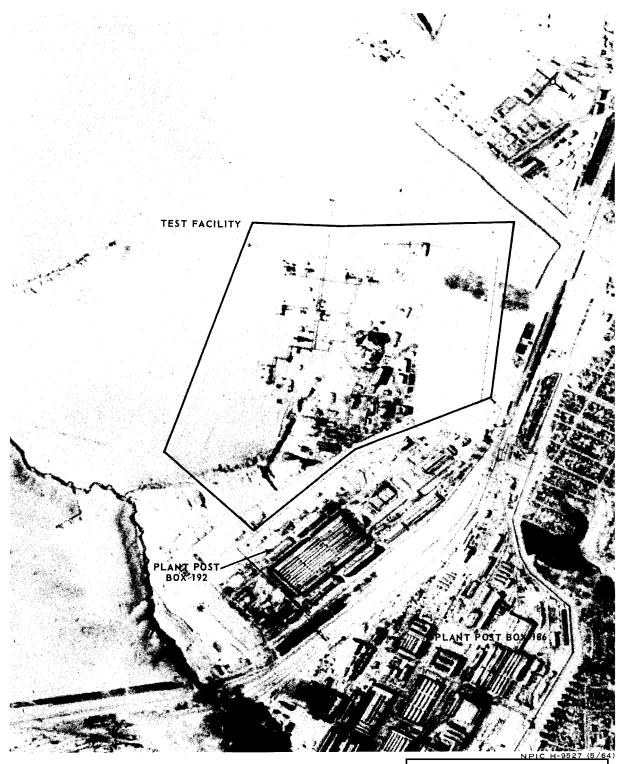


FIGURE 1. USSR: DMDPC TEST FACILITY AT DNEPROPETROVSK

25X1

25X1

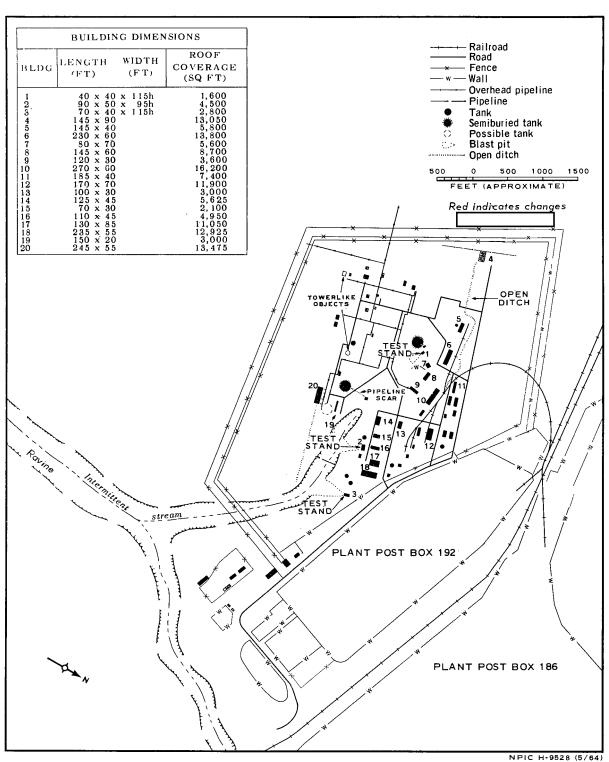


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF DMDPC TEST FACILITY AT DNEPROPETROVSK.

Dnepropetrovsk 2-3

Approved For Reflease 2063 12/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A000200015018-8

April 1964 25X1

KRASNOYARSK

City of Krasnoyarsk	0	
Armaments Plant No 4 at Krasnoyarsk	1	05V4
56-00N 92-59E;		25X1
Rocket Test Facility	2	
56-05N 93-27E;		25X1

Section

April 1964

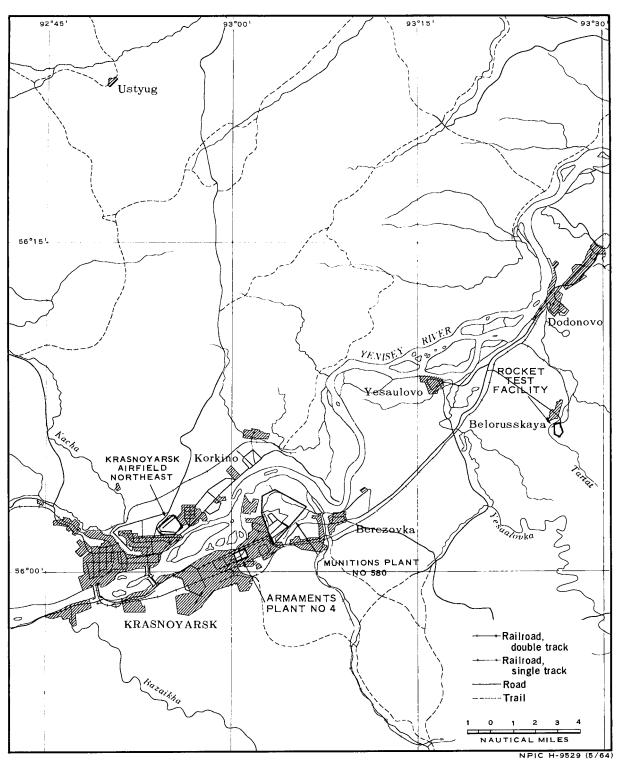
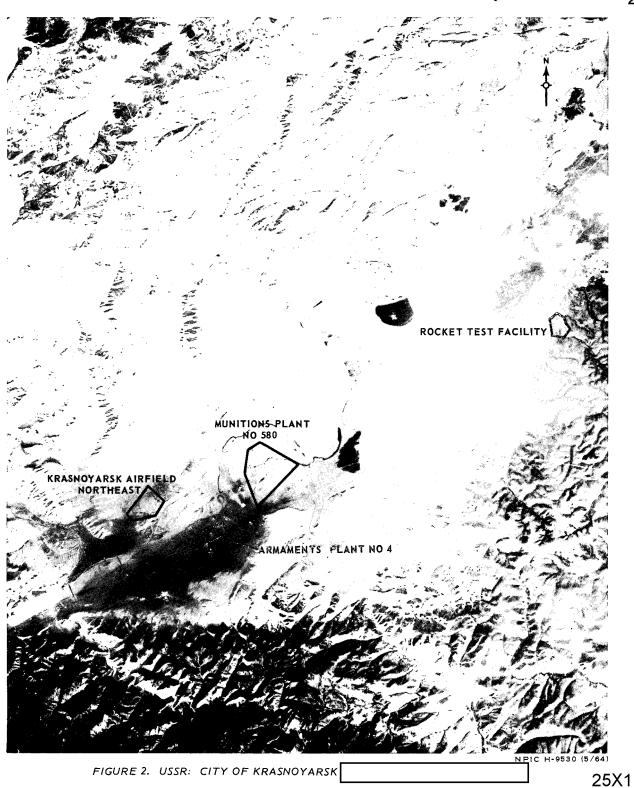


FIGURE 1. USSR: CITY OF KRASNOYARSK.

Krasnoyarsk 0-2

25X1



Krasnoyarsk 0-3

Approved For Refleas 2003 12/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A000200010058 8

	7(p)101000 101 E0100000 121 10 1017 1017 1010 1010 1010	
	April 1964	25X1
	KRASNOYARSK: ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 4	
	PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY	
	This plant was first seen on	25X1
25X1	At that time the plant consisted of a fenced area of approxi-	
	mately 200 acres containing buildings with a roof cover of approximately	
	1,550,000 sq ft. Subsequent	25X ²
	although poor in quality, revealed the addition of several buildings. The	
	largest of the additions, a fabrication and assembly building (item 1), was	
	under construction when first seen and appeared complete by	0574
25X1		25X1
	EVALUATION	
25X1	provides an association between Armaments Plant No 4 and	
20/(1	the Soviet guided missile production program. The unidentified organiza-	
	tions with telegraphic addresses SIGNAL and SKALA are engaged in activi-	
	ties which appear to be related in some manner to those of Plant No 4,	
	although the possibility exists that the activities of these two entities are	
	equally related to some undertaking of the Krasnoyarsk Atomic Energy	
	Complex which is located north of the city. The nature of the organizations	
	and locations connected with Plant No 4 suggests the possibility of produc-	
	tion of missiles or missile-related equipment. The concurrent activities	
	at SIGNAL and SKALA at locations of Plant No 4 operations northeast of	
	Krasnoyarsk suggest a relationship between the three organizations, which	
051/4	in itself would indicate an expansion of Plant No 4's interests.	
25X1	Plant expansion at this plant amounts to over 800,000 square	
	feet. This is considered a highly significant addition to the plant's capa-	
25X1	bility. evidence of the introduction of a new program into Plant	
25X1	No 4, probably beginning may be related to this expansion. How-	
	ever, photography neither confirms nor denies missile production. (See	
	Rocket Test Facility under Krasnoyarsk, section 2, page.)	

Krasnoyarsk 1-1

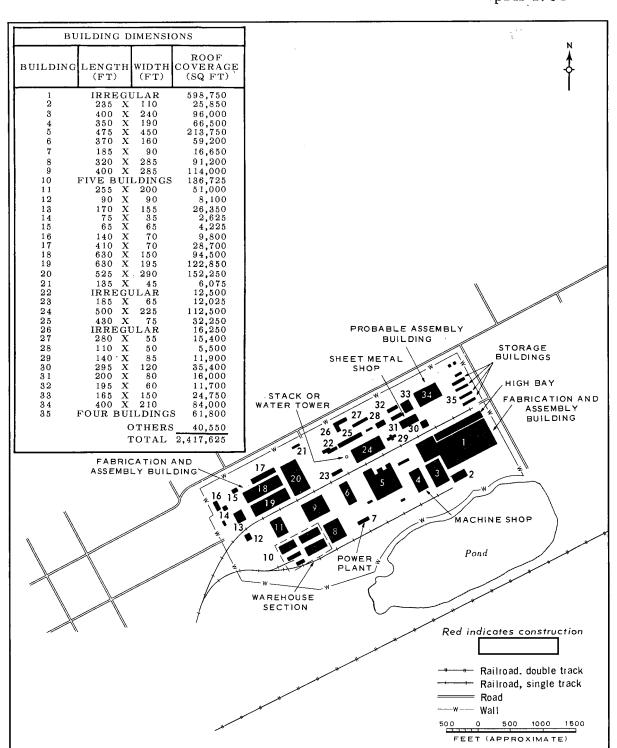


FIGURE 1. USSR: ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 4 AT KRASNOYARSK

NPIC H-9531 (5/64)

Krasnoyarsk 1-2

April 1964 25X



NPIC H-9532 (5/64)
FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 4 AT KRASNOYARSK.

Krasnoyarsk 1-3

Approved For Release 2003/12/19 : GIA-RDP78T04757A000200010018-8

25X1

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	April 1964] 25X1
	KRASNOYARSK: ROCKET TEST FACILITY	,
	PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY	
25X1 25X1	GENETRIX photography showed no facility at this location in however, some scarring was observed which may or may not have been directly related to construction of the facility. The test facility was	25X1
25X1 25X1	first identified on photography from although it had been observed on poor-resolution photography of At that time the test stand was present and appeared complete	25X1
20/(1	although the facility itself was still under construction. Subsequent	25X1
25X1	photography reveals no major changes in the installation, although improved photo quality enables discernment of additional details. A dark tone on the flame deflector at the base of the test stand was seen in	
25X1	and suggests recent activity.	
	Photography provides the principal information on this facility.	
	Allowing for a two-year construction period following GENETRIX photography, the facility could not have been operational However, continuing construction noted supports a conclusion that construction probably began most likely operational date. Poor resolution of the photography precludes determination of missile or engine testing at this facility. (See Armaments Plant No 4 under Krasnoyarsk, Section 1, page 1).	25X1 25X1 25X1

Krasnoyarsk 2-1

April 1964



FIGURE 1. USSR: ROCKET TEST FACILITY NEAR KRASNOYARSK

Krasnoyarsk 2-2

April 1964 25X1

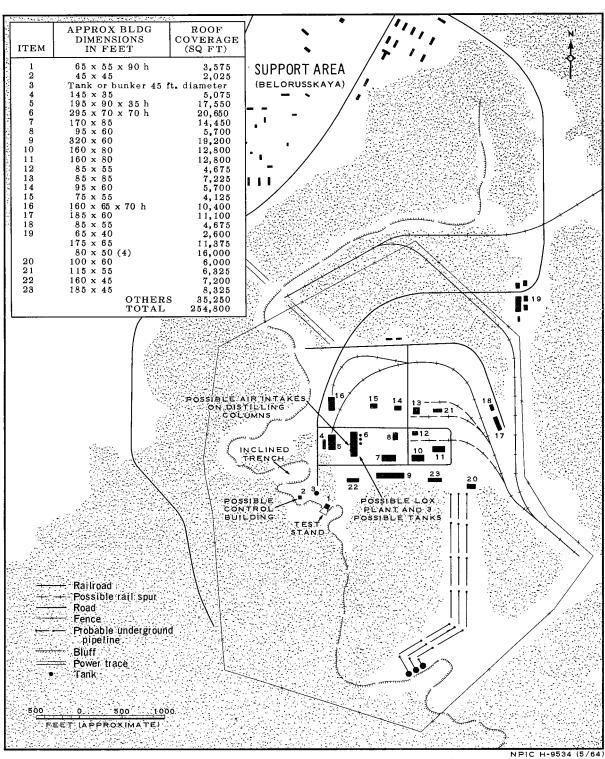


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF ROCKET TEST FACILITY NEAR KRASNOYARSK.

Krasnoyarsk 2-3

KUYBYSHEV: ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT KURUMOCH PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY The Kurumoch test facility was first seen onphotography of	
The Kurumoch test facility was first seen onphotography of at which time it was in an early stage of construction. Subsequentphotography has revealed that the site has been greatly enlarged. The facility now contains two large vertical test stands (one in final stages of construction) and three smaller test stands. The large completed test stand (item 1, Figure 2) was under construction when first observed on and was seen to be complete on Blast marks were first visible on photography and were noted again on photography The second large test stand (item 2) was first seen under construction on photography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of and was seen to be complete, or these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	April 1964 25X1
The Kurumoch test facility was first seen onphotography of	TEST FACILITY AT KURUMOCH
at which time it was in an early stage of construction. Subsequent	
The facility now contains two large vertical test stands (one in final stages of construction) and three smaller test stands. The large completed test stand (item 1, Figure 2) was under construction when first observed on and was seen to be complete on Blast marks were first visible on photography and were noted again on photography The second large test stand (item 2) was first seen under construction on photography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of Excavations for two of these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	it was in an early stage of construction.
on Blast marks were first visible on photography and were noted 2 again on photography The second 2 large test stand (item 2) was first seen under construction on photography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of American and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of Excavations for two of these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes 2 in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	smaller test stands. The large completed
first visible on photography and were noted again on photography The second large test stand (item 2) was first seen under construction on photography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of Excavations for two of these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	· ·
again on photography large test stand (item 2) was first seen under construction on photography of nearly complete, on photography of The three smaller stands were confirmed as test stands on good-quality photography of Excavations for two of these stands had been present three appeared complete by in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	
large test stand (item 2) was first seen under construction on photography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of The three smaller stands were confirmed as test stands on good-quality photography of Excavations for two of these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	
tography of and was seen to be complete, or nearly complete, on photography of 2 The three smaller stands were confirmed as test stands on good-quality photography of Excavations for two of these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes 2 in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	20/(1
nearly complete, on photography of	
The three smaller stands were confirmed as test stands on good-quality photography of	
these stands had been present and the exteriors of all three appeared complete by no changes in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	
three appeared complete by	Excavations for two of
in the stands are apparent. EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	and the exteriors of all 25X1
EVALUATION Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	no changes 25X1
Photography provides the basic information on this facility, but the	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
resolution of the photography precludes determination of the exact function of the test stands. To date, transportation vehicles have not been discernible. Estimated operational date for the first large test stand (item 1) is	cludes determination of the exact function sportation vehicles have not been discern-
Although the other large test stand (item 2) appeared complete, or nearly complete, in its operational status has not been determined.	

Kuybyshev 3-1

April 1964



FIGURE 1. USSR: ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT KURUMOCH

Kuybyshev 3-2

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April 1964 25X1

NPIC H-9536 (5/64)

25X1

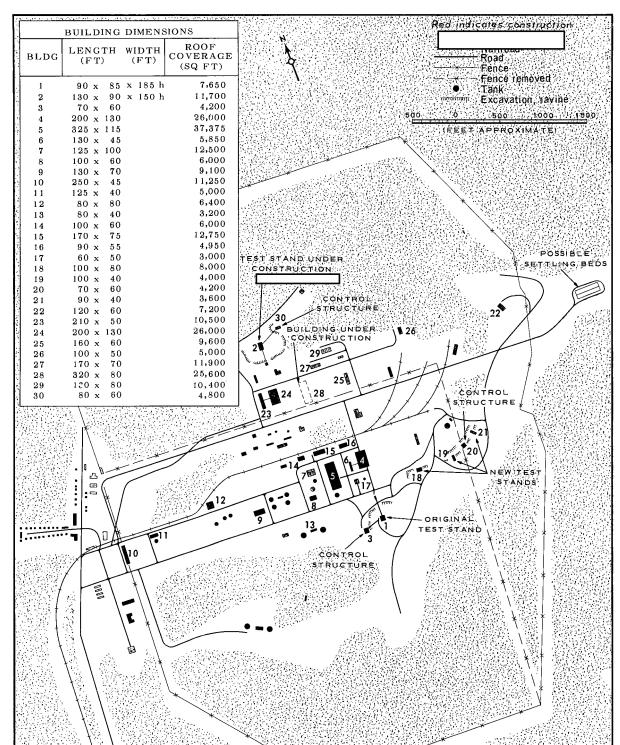


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT KURUMOCH.

Kuybyshev 3-3

Approved For Release 2003712/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A000200010018-8

	25X1
April 1964	

MOSCOW: SPECIAL DESIGN BUREAU (OKB)/PLANT NO 456, KHIMKI

	PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY	
25X1	Photography of the first good-quality pho-	
	tography of this installation, confirms the general layout of the plant area	
	reported by collateral sources through Three possible test	25X1
	stands have been located, but details of these stands are difficult to discern.	20/(1
	Some additional details of the installation were revealed on photography of	
25X1	but	
	there were no major changes.	
	The precise extent of this facility is not known. Plant No 293 lies	
	north porthogat of Diant No 456 and may be an aggociated facility. Also	

The precise extent of this facility is not known. Plant No 293 lies north-northeast of Plant No 456 and may be an associated facility. Also, considerable construction is underway adjacent to the plant area on the site of the former Khimki Airfield to the northwest of the plant, but there is presently no evidence associating this construction with Plant No 456. A heavy fence currently separates the plant from both Plant No 293 and the area where new construction is taking place.

EVALUATION

Evidence concerning Special Design Bureau (OKB)/Plant No 456 in Moscow/Khimki (Figures 1 and 2) supports the conclusion that it is the major rocket engine research and development facility in the USSR. It is very probable that the rocket engines utilized on some, if not all, Soviet ICBMs and other missiles were developed at this plant.

April 1964



FIGURE 1. USSR: SPECIAL DESIGN BUREAU (OKB)/PLANT NO 456, KHIMKI

25X1

25X1

Moscow 2-2

Approved FoF Refleas 2003 172/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A0002000101001818

25X1 April 1964

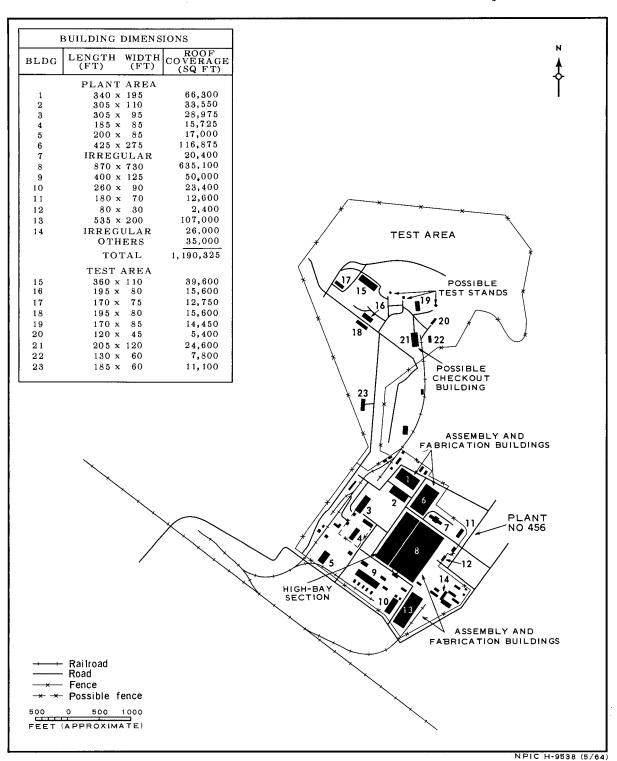


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF SPECIAL DESIGN BUREAU (OKB)/PLANT NO 456, KHIMKI.

Moscow 2-3

Approved For Refeas 200 21/2/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A0002000100278×81

		25X1
April	1964	

OMSK: ROCKET TEST FACILITY

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY The Omsk Rocket Test Facility was first seen on 25X1 25X1 At that time the facility was under construction and a blast pit for a test stand was being excavated. This stand appeared complete by Construction activity at the site of a 25X1 suspect second test stand was visible in 25X1 Excavation was discernible in 25X1 25X1 indicates that construction continues in this area. No test tower is observable, but the activity strongly suggests that a second stand, somewhat smaller than the first, is under construction. A blast mark in the snow is visible at the first stand (see Figure 1) in a pattern similar to that appearing as scarred vegetation on photography of 25X1 **EVALUATION** 25X1 There is no or other information which reflects the function of the facility revealed by photography. Scarred vegetation associated with Test Stand 1 indicated that the facility was operational at least by early 25X1 (See Omsk, sections 1 and 2, for facilities probably related to this

facility.)

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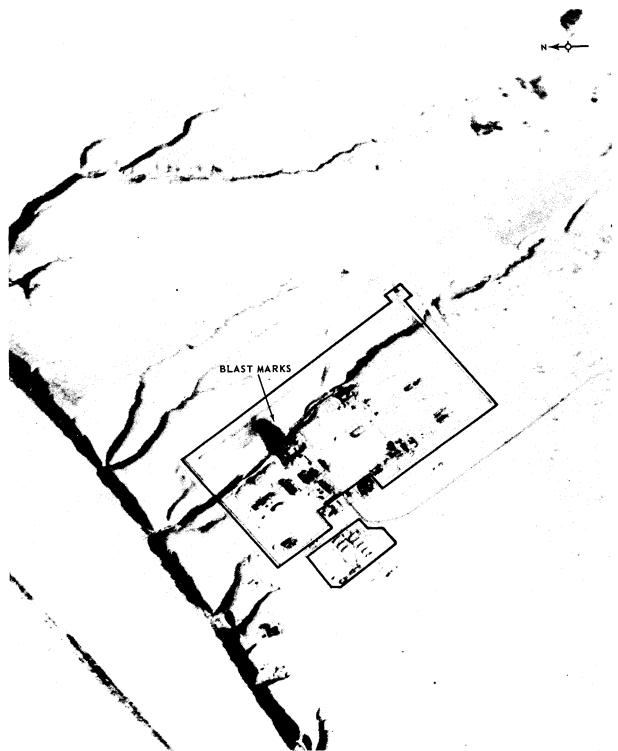


FIGURE 1. USSR: ROCKET TEST FACILITY NEAR OMSK

NPIC H-9539 (5/64

Omsk 3-2

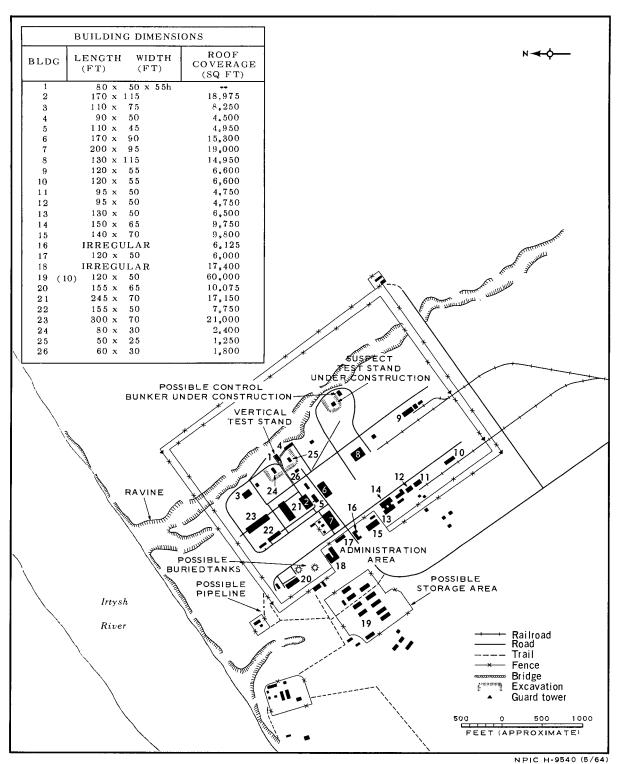


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF ROCKET TEST FACILITY NEAR OMSK.

•	April 1964] 25X
	PERM: ROCKET TEST FACILITY	
	PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY	
25X1 25X1	This facility appeared to be complete and operational on photography although no blast marks have been observed on that or on subsequent photography. When first seen on photography of the major buildings were present, but the entering rail line and rail spurs were not complete. No changes were noted in	
25X1	evealed some new activity. Two new structures could be observed approximately 700 feet north of the original test stand, and new earth scarring was evident in the central and southeastern parts of the area.	25X1
25X1 25X1 25X1	There is no or other information which identifies the function of this facility. However, construction of a test facility at this location has been reported. (See Perm, Sections 1 and 2, for facilities which may be related to the test area.)	

April 1964



FIGURE 1. USSR: ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT PERM

25X1

Perm 3-2



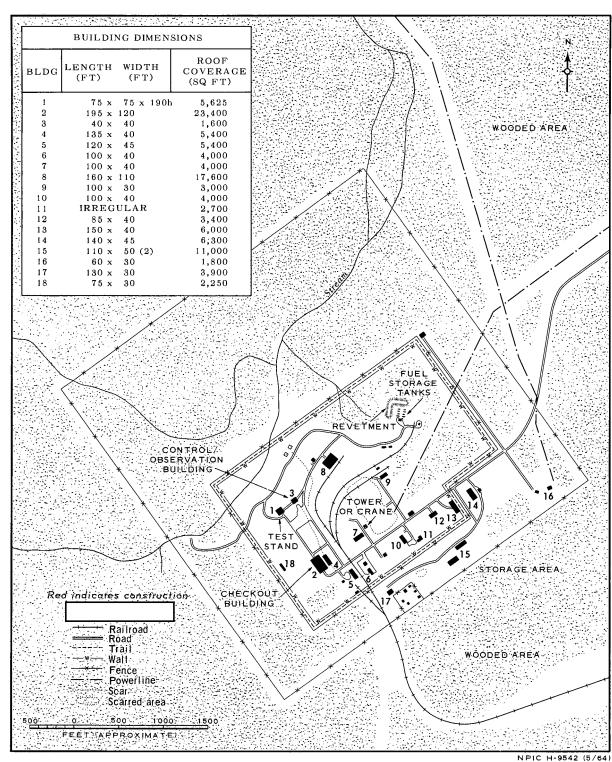


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT PERM.

Perm 3-3

Approved For ®କାରେ କ୍ରିଲିପ୍ରିୟ 12/19 : CIA-RDP78T04757A000200252018-8

	25X1
April 1964	

TBILISI: AIRCRAFT ASSEMBLY PLANT NO 31

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY 25X1 photography of the Tbilisi Aircraft Assembly Plant No 31 25X1 obtained was of high quality. The first coverage was in 25X1 photography from this mission revealed 25X1 several additional buildings in the plant. Photography from subsequent missions of has revealed little change 25X1 25X1 except for construction in progress on a large probable final assembly building (items 3 and 3A, Figure 2) southeast of the two main assembly buildings (items 1 and 2). When complete, this building will add 337,500 sq ft to the roof coverage of the plant.

EVALUATION

The Tbilisi Aircraft Assembly Plant No 31 is believed to be engaged in production of the TRUCKLE/KIPPER (K-10) and possibly the CHERUB/KANGAROO air-to-surface missiles (ASM). The plant produces FISHBED-type (MIG-21) aircraft. There is no indication that the plant is involved in production of ballistic missiles.

Photography of this facility neither confirms nor negates missile activity.

April 1964

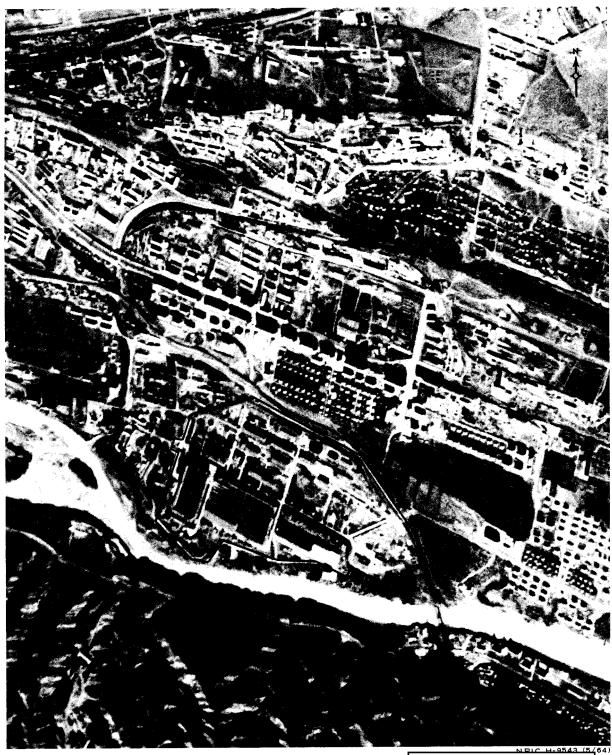


FIGURE 1. USSR: AIRCRAFT ASSEMBLY PLANT NO 31 AT TBILISI

Tbilisi 1-2

25X1

. . .



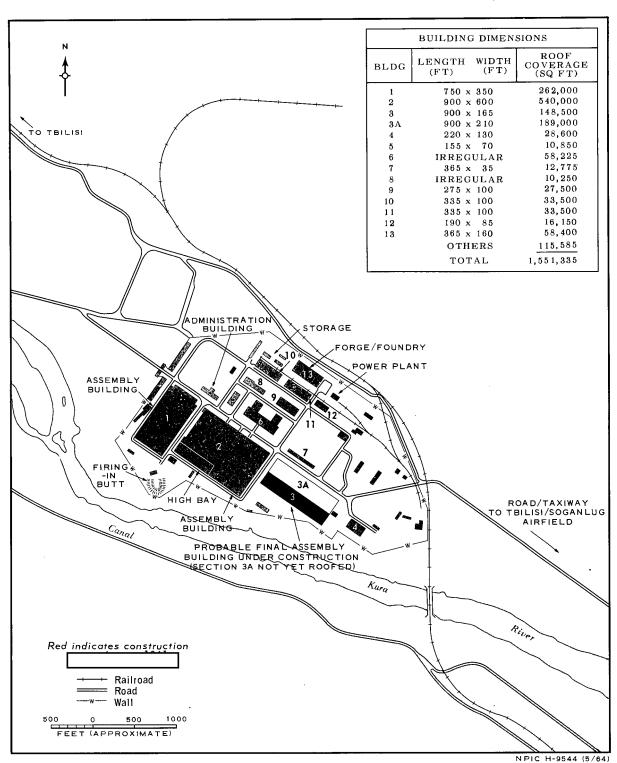


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF AIRCRAFT ASSEMBLY PLANT NO 31 AT TBILISI.

Tbilisi 1-3

Approved For Refleas 206 \$172/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A0002 p00100 105 181-8

	25X1
April 1964	

VORONEZH: SUSPECT ROCKET TEST FACILITY

This installati	on was first observed on photography of	25)
	At that time it consisted of a secured	
area containing one	e large building with two probable firing bays and six	
smaller miscellane	eous buildings. Construction activity was evident im-	_ 2
mediately outside th	he secured areaphotography of	25
rev	vealed a considerable enlargement of the facility and	
additional construc	ction activity. Continuing expansion and construction	
was evident on pho	otography of	2
	and the entire secured installation occupied an area	
of about 360 acres.	Two new test cells had been added to the original test	
area, and a rail	spur, possibly still under construction, could be seen	
entering the area	from the southwest. More significantly, a possible	
construction crane (or new vertical test stand was visible in the southwestern	
section where one	large building (item 8, Figure 2) and several other	
structures had bee	en constructed Also in the southwestern	2
section is another	area of construction activity in which two objects can	
oe observed which h	pear some resemblance to a test stand and an associated	
structure under con	struction.	
Blast marks at	t two of the firing bays in the original test area can be	
Diable Hinties as		
observed on photogr	raphy	
	raphy	2:

There is no collateral information or ______ that reflects the existence of the suspect rocket test facility at Voronezh. There is no photographic evidence to associate the facility with any other in Voronezh. The original test area appeared to be operational ______ but the first confirmation of operational status is ______ The quality of the photography precludes determination of the purpose of this facility; however, the general layout does not follow that of the rocket test facilities of Omsk, Perm, Kurumoch, and Krasnoyarsk.

Voronezh 1-1

25X1



FIGURE 1. USSR: SUSPECT ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT VORONEZH

NPIC H-9545 (5/6

Voronezh 1-2

25X1

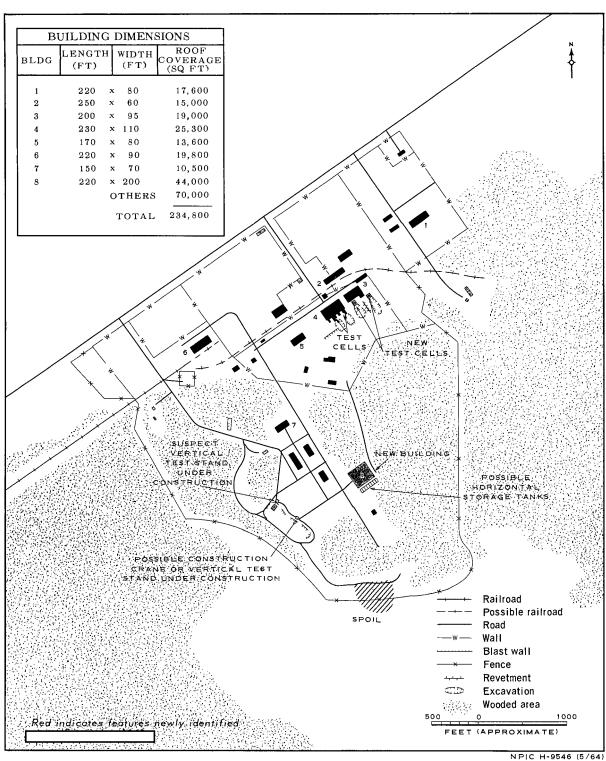


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF SUSPECT ROCKET TEST FACILITY AT VORONEZH.

25X1

Voronezh 1-3

Approved For Releas 506 712/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A0002000 0025 1

April 1964

25X1

ZLATOUST

	Section
City of Zlatoust	0
Armaments Plant No 66	1
55-05N 59-43E;	25X1

April 1964 59°45' 59'30' Magnitka 🛮 Kusa Medvedevka ZLATOUST Kurashi ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 66 Railroad, double track Railroad, single track Road NAUTICAL MILES

FIGURE 1. USSR: CITY OF ZLATOUST.

NPIC H-9547 (5/64)

Zlatoust 0-2

25X1

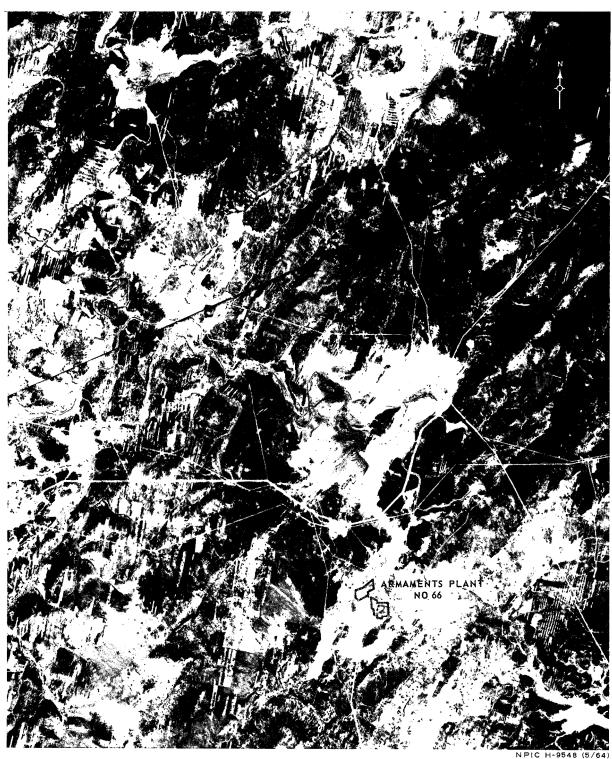


FIGURE 2. USSR: CITY OF ZLATOUST (25X1

Zlatoust 0-3

Approved For Reflease 200 17/12/19: CIA-RDP78T04757A0002000/2018-8

	25X1
April 1964	

ZLATOUST: ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 66

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHRONOLOGY

Zlatoust Armaments Plant No 66 was first seen on	25X1
however, few details could be	_
discerned because of poor image quality. Subsequent	25X1
the best of which was that of	
	25X1
an addition to an assembly building (item 9, Figure 2), a completed small	_0,(
support building, and the completed portion of a possible assembly building	
under construction (item 4) added 139,500 sq ft of roof coverage to the	
plant. The possible assembly building is still in the early stages of	
construction.	

EVALUATION

25X1

25X1

Zlatoust Plant No 66 and an organization with the telegraphic address of GRANIT (believed to be collocated) are involved in production of ballistic missiles. GRANIT is believed to produce the SCUD 150-nm missile, but present evidence is insufficient to establish the timing or rates of production. There is no evidence associating either organization with programs for longer range ballistic missiles.



FIGURE 1. USSR: ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 66 NEAR ZLATOUST

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April 1964 25X1

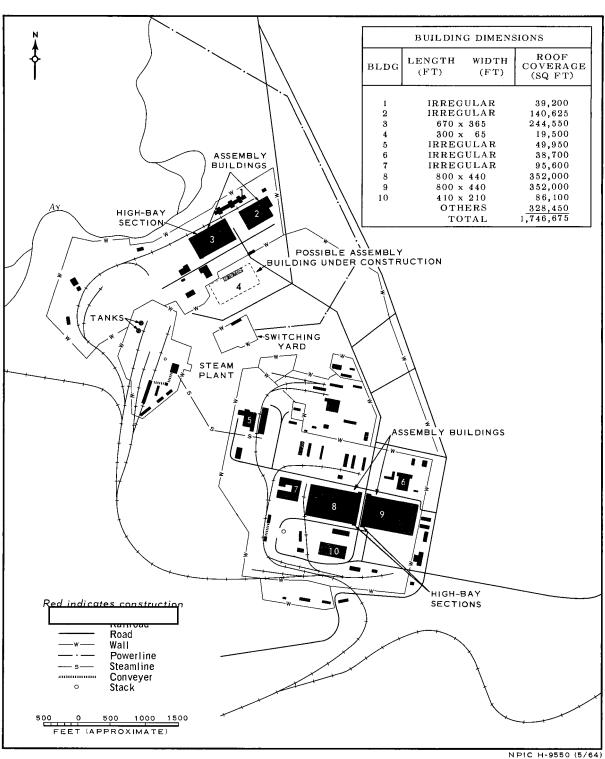


FIGURE 2. USSR: LAYOUT AND ROOF COVERAGE OF ARMAMENTS PLANT NO 66.

Zlatoust 1-3